THE
Boston-
AND
COUNTRY

No. 976.
Gazette,
JOURNAL.

Containing the freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

MONDAY, December 20, 1773.

AT a Meeting of the Freeholders and other Inhabitants of the Town of Lexington, *legally aſſembled, on Friday December 10. 1773. and continued by adjournment, to Monday 13th of December, the following Votes and Reſolves were paſſed Nem. Con. viz.*

THAT from the intelligence tranſmitted by the Committee of Correſpondence in the town of Boſton, to the committee of correſpondence for this place, and by them communicated to this town, it appears, that the enemies of the rights and liberties of AMERICANS, greatly diſappointed in the ſucceſs of the *revenue-act*, are ſeeking to avail themſelves of *new*, and if poſſible, yet more *deteſtable* meaſures, to diſtreſs, enſlave and deſtroy us.——Not enough that a tax was laid upon *Teas*, which ſhould be imported by us, for the ſole purpoſe of raiſing a *revenue*, to ſupport *taſk-maſters, penſioners*, &c. in idleneſs and luxury; but by a late act of parliament, to appeaſe the wrath of the *Eaſt-India company*, whoſe trade to *America*, had been greatly clog'd by the operation of the *revenue act*; proviſion is made for ſaid company to export their *Teas* to *America*, free and *diſcharged from the payment of all duties* and *cuſtoms*, in England; but *liable to the ſame rules, regulations, penalties and forfeitures* in America, as are provided by the *revenue-act*, as much as if the above mentioned act had never been paſſed.

Not to ſay any thing of the groſs partiality herein diſcovered, in favour of the *Eaſt-India company*, and to the injury and oppreſſion of *Americans*:—We are alarmed at this maſterly effort of *iniquitous* policy, as it has the moſt gloomy aſpect upon the trade of theſe colonies, and gives an opening to the *Eaſt-India company*, and others, under the covert of an act of parliament, and for the *unrighteous* purpoſe of raiſing and ſecuring a *revenue* to the crown, out of the purſes of induſtrious *Americans*, to monopolize one branch after another, until, in proceſs of time, the whole trade will be in their hands, and by their *conſignees, factors*, &c. they will be the *ſole merchants* of *America*.

And further we are more eſpecially alarmed as by theſe *craſty meaſures* the *revenue act* is to be eſtabliſhed, and the rights and liberties of *Americans* forever ſap'd and deſtroy'd.

Theſe appear to us to be the ſacrifices we muſt make, and theſe the *coſtly pledges* that muſt be given up, into the hands of the oppreſſor, the moment we receive this *deteſted article*, by which the *tribute* will be eſtabliſhed upon us—For nothing ſhort of theſe will ever fill the mouth of oppreſſion, or gorge the inſatiate appetite of luſt and ambition.—Once admit this *ſubtle, wicked, miniſterial plan* to take place—once permit *this tea*, thus impoſed upon us, by the *Eaſt-India company*, to be landed, received and vended, by their *conſignees, factors* &c. the badge of our ſlavery is fixed, and the foundation of ruin is ſurely laid; and unleſs a wiſe and powerful GOD, by ſome unforeſeen *revolution*, in providence, ſhall prevent, we ſhall ſoon be obliged to bid farewell to the once flouriſhing trade of *America*, and an everlaſting adieu to theſe glorious *rights* and *liberties*, for which our worthy anceſtors ſo earneſtly prayed, ſo bravely fought, ſo freely bled!!!——

This being the light in which we view theſe meaſures of adminiſtration, in their nature and tendency; we cannot but be alarmed;—eſpecially when we ſee our danger ſo great, our ruin ſo nearly effected—the ſhips with the *deteſted tribute tea* in the harbour, and the perſons appointed to receive and ſell the ſame *unnaturally* refuſing to reſign their appointment, tho' by carrying it into effect, they ſhould procure their country's ruin.—As therefore we ſhould be wanting to ourſelves, to our country and poſterity, to be ſilent upon ſuch an occaſion as this; and as we have no reaſon to expect, that GOD, the ſupreme Diſpoſer of all things, will work miracles for us, while we neglect ourſelves; we do with the greateſt ſeriouſneſs and ſincerity, come into the following *Reſolves*, viz.

1. 'That as the *revenue act* and *the act* allowing the *Eaſt-India Company* to export *teas* into the *colonies*, ſubject to duties, with all the meaſures of the miniſtry and adminiſtration, whether by ſecret craft or open violence, to carry ſaid *acts* into effect, appear to us to be a direct violation of our *charter rights* and *liberties*, we are determined, to the utmoſt of our power, in every rational way, upon this and all proper occaſions, to oppoſe them, and uſe our moſt vigilant and reſolute endeavours to prevent their taking place among us.

2. 'That we will not be concerned, either directly or indirectly, in landing, receiving, buying, or ſelling, or even *uſing* any of the *Teas* ſent out by the *Eaſt-India Company*, or that ſhall be imported, ſubject to a Duty impoſed by Act of Parliament, for the Purpoſe of raiſing a *Revenue* in *America*.

3. 'That all ſuch Perſons as ſhall, directly or indirectly, aid or aſſiſt in landing, receiving, buying, ſelling, or uſing the *Teas*, ſent out by the *Eaſt-India Company*, or imported by others, ſubject to a Duty for the Purpoſe of a *Revenue*, ſhall be deemed and treated by us, as Enemies of their Country.

4. 'That the conduct of *Richard Clarke & ſons*, the governor's two ſons, *Thomas* and *Eliſha Hutchinſon*, and the other *conſignees*, in refuſing to reſign their appointment, as *factors*, or *vendue-maſters*, for the *Eaſt-India Company*, when repeatedly requeſted by the town of *Boſton*, has juſtly rendered them obnoxious to their fellow-citizens, to the inhabitants of this town, and to the people of this province and *America* in general: And as, upon this occaſion, they have diſcovered not only want of a due affection to their *native country*, but alſo, from ſelfiſh views, (as we think) a ſtrong diſpoſition to accelerate its ruin, we cannot but conſider them as objects of our juſt reſentment, indignation and contempt.

5. 'That, as it has been baſely inſinuated, that the meaſures taken to prevent the reception of the *Eaſt-India Company's Tea*, are the effect of *a ſcheme of the merchants*, to advance their own intereſt, it is the opinion of this town, that the ſuggeſtion is *falſe* and *malicious*, and deſigned, at the ſame time, to deceive and delude the people into a compliance with the meaſures of their enemies, and to prevent the good effects of the honeſt and *patriotic* endeavours of ſo valuable and powerful a part of the community, to reſcue the *trade* and *liberties* of their country from impending deſtruction.

6. 'That, as, with gratitude to our brethren in Boſton and other towns, we do expreſs our ſatisfaction in the meaſures they have taken, and ſtruggles they have made, upon this as well as many other occaſions, for the liberties of their country and *America*: ſo we are ready and reſolved to concur with them, in every rational meaſure, that may be neceſſary for the preſervation, or recovery, of our rights and liberties, as Engliſhmen and Chriſtians; and we truſt in GOD, that ſhould the ſtate of our affairs require it, we ſhall be ready to ſacrifice our eſtates and every thing dear in life—yea, and life itſelf, in ſupport of the common cauſe.

The above reſolves being paſſed, a motion was made that, to them another ſhould be added; accordingly it was reſolved, nem. con.

'That if any head of a family, or any perſon, ſhall from this time forward, and untill the duty ſhall be taken off, purchaſe any *tea*, or uſe or conſume any *tea* in their families; ſuch perſon ſhall be looked upon as an enemy to this town and to this country, and ſhall, by this town, be treated with neglect and contempt.

A motion was then made, and it was accordingly voted, that the preceeding vote, and reſolves be put upon record, and a copy of the ſame, atteſted by the town clerk, ſhould be tranſmitted to the committee of correſpondence for the town of Boſton.

A true copy,
Atteſt, JOSEPH MASON, Town-Clerk.

AT a Meeting of the Freeholders and other Inhabitants of the Town of Medford, *legally aſſembled by Adjournment the 16th Day of* December, 1773.

Mr. BENJAMIN HALL, *Moderator.*

THE Town being inform'd, that by Reaſon of the American Merchants generally refuſing to import Tea from Great Britain, while ſubjected to the Payment of the Duty impoſed thereon by the Britiſh Parliament, the Eaſt-India Company there, have been ſo greatly embarraſs'd in the Sale of their Teas, as that they have at Length determin'd (thro' Permiſſion of Parliament) to export a Supply for the Colonies on their own Account—that ſeveral Ships were already arriv'd in Boſton with large Quantities on board, and ſeveral more were daily expected—and that the ſaid Duty will be paid upon all ſuch Teas.

To prevent therefore the many formidable Evils conſequent upon the Succeſs of this alarming and ſubtle Attempt to rivet the Chains of Oppoſition, the Town after mature Deliberation came into the following Reſolutions.

Reſolved, 1. That it is the incumbent Duty of all free Britiſh Subjects in America, to unite in the Uſe of all lawful Meaſures neceſſary and expedient for the Preſervation and Security of their Rights and Privileges, Civil and Religious.

2. That it is the Opinion of this Town, that the Britiſh Parliament have no conſtitutional Authority to tax theſe Colonies without their own Conſent, and that therefore, the preſent Duty laid upon Teas imported here from Great Britain, for the Purpoſe of a Revenue, is a Tax, illegally laid upon, and extorted from us.

3. That ſaid India Company's exporting their own Teas to the Colonies, while charged with ſaid Duty, has a direct Tendency to eſtabliſh ſaid Revenue Act.

4. That we will exert ourſelves and join with our American Brethren in adopting and proſecuting all legal and proper Meaſures to diſcourage and prevent the landing, ſtoring, vending, and uſing thoſe Teas among us; and that whoever ſhall aid, or aſſiſt ſaid India Company, their Factors, or Servants, in either landing, ſtoring or ſelling the ſame, does a manifeſt Injury to his Country, and deſerves to be treated with Severity and Contempt.

5. That we are ready, at all Times, in Conjunction with our American Brethren, as loyal Subjects, to riſque our Lives and Fortunes in the Service and Defence of his Majeſty's Perſon, Crown, and Dignity; and alſo, as a free People, in aſſerting and maintaining inviolate, our civil and religious Rights and Privileges, againſt all Oppoſers whatever.

6. That the Thanks of this Town be, and are hereby given to our worthy Brethren of the Town of Boſton, for their unwearied Care and Pains, in endeavouring to preſerve our Rights and Privileges free from Innovation, and in furniſhing this and our other Towns with Copies of their late Proceedings.

VOTED, That the above Reſolutions and Proceedings of this Town be recorded in the Town-Book, and a Copy thereof be tranſmitted by the Town Clerk, to the Committee of Correſpondence in Boſton.

A true Copy,
Atteſt. RICHARD HALL, Town-Clerk.

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✓ See their Names pa. 1087 ✓ See the act, pa. 735, Vol. I. ✓ See Index under Tea. ✓ vid pa. 391, 399, 407
✓ See Charter, pa. 1077, Vol. 2 ✓ See Index the

Messrs. Edes & Gill,
Please to insert the following.

HAVING accidentally arrived at Boston upon a visit to a Friend, the Evening before the meeting of the body of the People on the 29th of November, curiosity and the pressing invitation of my kind host induced me to attend the meeting: I must confess I was so agreeably, and I hope I shall be forgiven by this people if I say so unexpectedly entertained and instructed, by the regular, reasonable and sensible conduct and expression of the people there collected, that I should rather have entertained an idea of being transported to the British senate than to an adventitious and promiscuous assembly of people of a remote Colony, were I not convinced by the genuine uncorrupted integrity and manly hardihood of the Rhetoricians of that Assembly, that they were not yet corrupted by venality, or debauched by luxury—The conduct of that wise and considerate body in their several transactions, evidently tended to preserve the property of the East India Company: I must confess I was very disagreeably affected with the conduct of Mr. Hutchinson, their pensioned Governor, on the succeeding day, who very unseasonably, and as I am informed, very arbitrarily (not having the sanction of law) framed and executed a Mandate to disperse the people, which in my opinion, with a people less prudent and temperate, would have cost him his head: The force of that body was directed to effect the return of the Teas to Great-Britain; much argument was expended, much entreaty was made use of to effect this desirable purpose—Mr. Rotch behaved in my estimation very unexceptionably; his disposition was seemingly to comport with the desires of the people to convey the Teas to the original proprietors.——The Consignees have behaved like Scoundrels in refusing to take the consignment, for indemnify the owner of the ship which conveyed this detestable commodity to this port; every possible step was taken to preserve this property; the people being exasperated with the conduct of administration in this affair, great pains were taken, and much policy exerted to procure a stated watch* for this purpose. The body of the people determined the Tea should not be landed; the determination was deliberate, was judicious; the sacrifice of their Rights, of the Union of all the Colonies, would have been the effect, had they conducted with less resolution: On the Committee of Correspondence they devolved the care of seeing their resolutions seasonably executed; that body as I have been informed by one of their members, had taken every step which prudence and patriotism could suggest, to effect the desirable purpose, but were defeated—The Body once more assembled, I was again present; such a collection of the people was to me a novelty; near seven thousand persons from several towns, Gentlemen, Merchants, Yeomen and others, respectable for their rank and abilities, and venerable for their age and character, constituted the assembly; they decently, unanimously and firmly adhered to their former resolution, that the baleful commodity which was to rivet & establish the duty should never be landed; to prevent the mischief, they repeated the desires of the committee of the towns that the owner of the ship should apply for a clearance; it appeared that Mr. Rotch had been managed and was still under the influence of the opposite party; he resisted the request of the people to apply for a clearance for his ship with an obstinacy which in my opinion, bordered on stubbornness—subdued at length by the peremptory demand of the Body, he consented to apply, a committee of ten respectable gentlemen were appointed to attend him, to the collector: The succeeding morning the application was made and a clearance refused with all the insolence of office; the Body meeting the same morning by adjournment, Mr. Rotch was directed to protest in form, and then apply to the Governor for a Pass by the castle; Mr. Rotch executed his commission with fidelity, but a pass could not be obtained, his Excellency excusing himself in his refusal that he should not make the precedent of granting a pass till the clearance was obtained; which was indeed a fallacy as it had been usual with him in ordinary cases—Mr. Rotch returning in the evening reported as above; the Body then voted his conduct to be satisfactory, and recommending order and regularity to the people. Dissolved.——Previous to the dissolution, a number of persons, supposed to be the Aboriginal Natives from their complection, approaching near the door of the assembly, gave the War Whoop, which was answered by a few in the galleries of the house where the assembly was convened; silence was commanded, and a prudent and peaceable deportment again enjoined: The Savages repaired to the ships which entertained the pestilential Teas, and had began their ravage previous to the dissolution of the meeting——————They applied themselves to the destruction of this commodity in earnest, and in the space of about two hours broke up 342 chests, and discharged their contents into the sea. A watch as I am informed was stationed to prevent embezzlement, and not a single ounce of Tea was suffered to be purloined or carried off.——It is worthy remark, that although a considerable quantity of goods of different kinds were still remaining on board the vessels, no injury was sustained; such attention to private property was observed, that a small padlock belonging to the Capt. of one of the ships being broke, another was procured and sent to him.—I cannot but express my admiration at the conduct of this people! Uninfluenced by party or any other attachment, I presume I shall not be suspected of misrepresentation.—The East-India Company must console themselves with this reflection, that if they have suffered, the prejudice they sustain does not arise from enmity to them: a fatal necessity has rendered this catastrophe inevitable—the landing the tea would have been fatal, as it would have saddled the colonies with a duty imposed without their consent, & which no power on earth can effect. Their strength, numbers, spirit and illumination render the experiment dangerous, the defeat certain: The Consignees must attribute to themselves, the loss of the property of the East-India Company. Had they seasonably quieted the minds of the people by a resignation, all had been well. The custom house, and the man who disgraces majesty by *representing* him, acting in confederacy with the inveterate enemies of America, stupidly opposed every measure concerted to return the teas.—That American virtue may defeat every attempt to enslave them, is the warmest wish of my heart. I shall return home doubly fortified in my resolution to prevent that deprecated calamity, the landing the teas in Rhode-Island, and console myself with the happiest assurances that my brethren have not less virtue, less resolution than their neighbours. AN IMPARTIAL OBSERVER.

* This Watch consisted of 24 to 34 Men, who served as Volunteers 19 Days and 23 Hours.

NEDHAM'S REMEMB'RANCER, [N°. I.

——THAT, which mischief meant *most harm*,
Shall in the happy trial prove MOST GLORY—
But evil on itself shall back recoil.— MILTON.

I HAVE heretofore detected and exposed the political conduct of Governor Hutchinson. His whole deportment on the public theatre, from his first appearance on the stage, ought at this period to be reviewed and *contrasted*; displayed and abhorred. The infirmities of advanced age and ill health have inclined me to the more agreeable duty of contemplation, rather than to the painful task of delineating so hateful a portrait for the public eye. I have kept my tongue with a bridle while the wicked were before me: But even while the royal Psalmist practised this duty, *his heart was hot within him*—and *when the fire burned, he spake with his tongue.*

Whoever considers the *government* and *guidance* which his Excellency hath with two of the Tea-Consignees, and the influence he hath over the rest, must determine him to be answerable for their strange, their unjustifiable conduct. I know, that he disclaims his share in this matter: but I know also, that I confide in him in no instance, where it is *his interest* to deceive; and I know more, that all mankind do, and will disbelieve his affirmation in this matter.

What account the Consignees can give of their trust to those with whom they must account, I leave them to consider. But sure I am, that it was in their power to have saved the property of the East India Company, and that their wantonness and obstinacy promoted that destruction, which they must know would be the consequence of their behavior.

To suppose that they intended the loss of the Teas is to brand them with base ingratitude and breach of trust: to suppose they designed to plunge their countrymen into civil commotion and blood shed—to gratify resentment or *share in the plunder of forfeitures and confiscations*— is to blast them with THAT SIN, of which *the shedding of their blood is the purchase of remission.*—They will be happy to find some other alternative.

THE PEOPLE have been mild and considerate: they have been temperate and patient. When their mildness was called timidity, and their consideration want of courage, they did not cease to reason and intreat. When their temperance was treated with insult, and their patience with contempt, they felt the injury tho' they stayed their vengeance. When the situation of public affairs called them to resolve upon their danger and duty, they were unanimous and determined: and when the exigency of the times increased and *resolutions alone* were vain, they proceeded to action with order and discretion: and executed *the only remaining duty*, without unnecessary outrage and intemperate revenge.

If his Excellency had his adversaries as much in his power, as THE PEOPLE have lately had the enemies of their peace, would he have been equally mild—equally sparing and moderate? Let us consider.

A father of his people would admonish and kindly intreat them to consider the consequences of their conduct; and not by insult *in form of law*, exasperate and provoke them, without a possibility of answering one good purpose. A father of his people would look with tenderness on their conduct. If he judged it rash, he would try to soften:——It it called for admonition, his words would be far from opprobrious:—If it called for correction, he would be merciful, and not severe.

But should his Excellency in a time of public commotion observe a very different course; should he to his Council, talk of TREASON, and ATTORNEY GENERALS, of REBELLION, and an ARMED FORCE—what are we to expect—that oil will extinguish fire—or that *big words* will lull the ocean?

I pretend to be no lawyer; but I am sure it to appear for my country is treason, and to arm for its defence is rebellion; like my fathers, I will glory in the name of rebel and traitor, as they did in that of Puritan and Enthusiast.

Indeed I know of no way so likely to drive this people to extremities, as to brand them with these appellations. And I know of nothing, they who use them can have in view, but to accelerate the period, which will never arrive 'till the people are become desperate.

The readiest way to make them so, is to call them hard names.—But let all who do thus remember, that when THIS PEOPLE are driven to desperation, *they who thus abuse them*, will no longer dwell in safety.

MARCHMONT NEDHAM.

vid pa. 418. [*To be continued.*]

NEWPORT, December 13.

Mr. SOUTHWICK,

BY an extract of letter from Boston, inserted in your MERCURY EXTRAORDINARY, of last Tuesday, it seems as though our brethren there had some fears that we should receive the India Company's detested TEA; but we think it may be safely affirmed, that it will not be suffered to be sold here; and that if landed, which is scarce possible, it will be reshipp'd on board the LIBERTY, and sent to GASPEE, the first favourable wind and weather. LEGION.

ALL persons having any GREEN or BOHEA TEA to sell, in this colony, are requested to sell it at the late usual prices, which they can certainly afford to do or sell none at all; otherwise they may depend on feeling the effects of their ill-judged policy, hereafter, in the loss of the custom of the——PEOPLE.

N. B. Every one who gives more than 4s6 lawful money for the best BOHEA, by the single pound, will be deemed an enemy to *this* country; and every buyer of TEA is desired to take particular notice of those who shall ask more, that they may be properly avoided, in future, in the way of trade. P.

BOSTON, December 18, 1773.

WHEREAS it has been artfully and industriously suggested by the inveterate and unwearied enemies to the Rights and Liberties of America, that the dealers in Tea of this Town having a very considerable Quantity on Hand did promote the Opposition made to the landing of the East-India Company's Tea, with a View only to their own Emolument, and improved the Opportunity to raise it to the exorbitant Price of a Dollar per Pound, which has led a Number of the Friends and Well-wishers to the Cause of Liberty, both in Town and Country, to believe, that they meant to monopolize that Article, and to mask their Avarice with the Appearance of Patriotism.

To remove this groundless aspersion, The public are hereby assured that at the commencement of the opposition to this last effort of Tyranny, from an exact and critical Scrutiny, there were not then in the Town more than 6 Chests, that the quantity which has been since sold has been introduced from the neighbouring governments, and that the Scarcity, and contingent charges which attend transportation, must necessarily advance it. But it may be relied on, that the report of a Monopoly is false, base and injurious, and that the profits now made on that article by the Sellers, is as little, or less, than for many years past, & there is no doubt but this part of the Community will soon discover evident proof of their resolute determination to oppose and frustrate the designs of the implacable enemies to this country, by a voluntary sacrifice of their private interest, when militating with that of the Publick.

We learn from Portsmouth, in New-Hampshire, that last Thursday they had a legal Town-Meeting there, in order to "consult on some effectual Measure to prevent the Sale of the East India Company's detested Teas, which they have shipped, purposely to support a usurped Right of Taxing the American Colonies, and to assist in filching a Revenue for the Maintenance of Pensioners, Place-Men, and Ministerial Dependants, who like Vultures are preying upon the Heart-Strings of their Fellow Subjects."—And we are told that the patriotic Resolutions and Determinations of the Friends of the Constitutional Rights, Privileges, and Liberties of America, at that Meeting, were such, as will manifest to the World that they are not backward to unite with their Brethren of the other Provinces to espouse the Cause of our Liberties, which is the Common Cause of America.

See pa. 407 // See Index under Tea. // See Index Vol. 3 under Hutchinson —— See the names, pa. 1087 X vid. pa. 416. // See duty Acts pa. 735. Vol. 4. // vid. pa. 416. (2) vid. pa. 420

BOSTON, *December* 20.

On Tuesday last the body of the people of this and all the adjacent towns, and others from the distance of twenty miles, assembled at the old south meeting-house, to inquire the reason of the delay in sending the ship Dartmouth, with the East-India Tea back to London; and having found that the owner had not taken the necessary steps for that purpose, they enjoin'd him at his peril to demand of the collector of the customs a clearance for the ship, and appointed a committee of ten to see it perform'd; after which they adjourn'd to the Thursday following ten o'clock. They then met and being inform'd by Mr. Rotch, that a clearance was refus'd him, they enjoyn'd him immediately to enter a protest and apply to the governor for a pass port by the castle, and adjourn'd again till three o'clock for the same day. At which time they again met and after waiting till near sunset Mr. Rotch came in and inform'd them that he had accordingly enter'd his protest and waited on the governor for a pass, but his excellency told him he could not consistent with his duty grant it until his vessel was qualified. The people finding all their efforts to preserve the property of the East India Company and return it safely to London, frustrated by the tea consignees, the collector of the customs and the governor of the province, DISSOLVED their meeting.—But, BEHOLD what followed! A number of brave & resolute men, determined to do all in their power to save their country from the ruin which their enemies had plotted, in less than four hours, emptied every chest of tea on board the three ships commanded by the captains Hall, Bruce, and Coffin, amounting to 342 chests, into the sea! without the least damage done to the ships or any other property. The masters and owners are well pleas'd that their ships are thus clear'd; and the people are almost universally congratulating each other on this happy event.

[*The particular Account of the Proceedings of the People at their Meeting on Tuesday and Thursday last, are omitted this Week for want of Room.*]

Capt. Loring in a Brig from London for this Place, having 58 Chests of the detested Tea on board, was cast ashore on the Back of Cape-Cod last Friday Se'nnight: 'Tis expected the Cape Indians will give us a good Account of the Tea against our next.

Extract of a Letter from Philadelphia, dated December 11, 1773.

—"Your Resolutions of 29th ult. were publickly read at our Coffee-House last Thursday, to a large Company of our first Merchants, who gave three Cheers by Way of *Approbation*."

We hear from Philadelphia, that Capt. Ayres, in a Ship chartered by the East India Company, to bring their Teas to that Place, had arrived at the Cape of Delaware (Mr. Gilbert Barclay, one of the Consignees, being Passenger on board) but that the Pilots had refused to bring her up the River; and Letters being sent to the Captain & Consignee, inclosing their Resolves respecting each of them, that if they presumed to come thither, it would be at their Peril, and the inevitable Destruction of both Vessel and Cargo; in Consequence of which intelligence, it was said they had gone off, but whether to the Place from whence they came, or some other Port, was uncertain; though this might be depended on, that they would not be permitted to land the Tea in any Part of that Province.

We are positively informed that the patriotic inhabitants of Lexington, at a late meeting, unanimously resolved against the use of Bohea Tea of all sorts, Dutch or English importation; and to manifest the sincerity of their resolution, they bro't together every ounce contained in the town, and committed it to one common bonfire.

We are also informed, Charlestown is in motion to follow their illustrious example.

Quere. Would it not materially affect the bringing this detestable herb into disuse, if every town would enjoin their Selectmen to deny licences to all houses of entertainment who were known to afford tea to their guests?

Our reason for suggesting this, is the difficulty these people are under to avoid dishing out this poison, without such a provision in their favour.

On the 12th Inst. a Female Child of about 20 Weeks old, was found dead in a Well, at Tewksbury;—a Jury of Inquest sat thereupon and brought in their Verdict—by Misfortune.

DIED,] On Monday evening last, after a few days illness, in the 20th year of her age, Miss ELIZABETH INCHES, Daughter to Mr. Henderson Inches, of this town, merchant.

Her funeral was attended on Saturday last at 3 o'Clock afternoon.

(Advertisements omitted will be in our next.)

At CONCERT-HALL,

On THURSDAY the 24th Instant, will be perform'd

A Grand Concert of Vocal and Instrumental MUSIC.

☞ Tikets to be sold at Mess. Cox and Berry's—Miss Cummings, and at the above Hall, at half a Dollar each.

JUST ARRIVED,

And now Opening,

A fresh ASSORTMENT of

English, India and Scotch Goods,

To be SOLD by

Parker & Melvill,

At their Shop in Cornhill, formerly improved by Mrs. Mehitable Torrey.

N. B. They have just received in the last Vessels from London, a handsome Assortment of Winter STUFFS for Ladies Gowns, which will be sold extreme low.

A CARD.

DETECTOR presents his due respects to Messieurs A. B. C. and D. and informs those dark and villainous *Assassins*, that their *Conspiracies* against the Lives and Liberties of a Number of the most worthy *Patriots* in this *Metropolis*, and the *Vicinity*, are well known; their execrable Measures to secure and transport them abroad, are seasonably discovered, their Persons are marked, and if they are disposed for a concealed Plot, they may probably fall into the Pit they are digging for others.

December 13, 1773.

NOTIFICATION.

AT a Meeting of some of the principal Venders of TEAS in Boston, on Friday Evening the 17th Instant, for consulting and determining on suitable Measures to be adopted, and to co-operate with a Number of respectable Inhabitants of this Province, express'd by a Vote of their late Assembly to suppress the Use of that detested Article; the more fully to execute this Purpose, it was agreed that a general and full Meeting should be convened on Tuesday the 21st Instant, 5 o'Clock, P. M. at the Royal Exchange Tavern in King-Street; where it is desired and expected that all the Dealers in, and Venders of Teas will punctually attend.

N. B. It is earnestly desired that those concern'd would not fail of giving attendance at the Time fix'd.——

Messieurs EDES & GILL,

I AM informed some *little* Shopkespers in this Town, finding Tea is likely to be expunged from our Dietetic Alphabet, have raised their Coffee a or 3 Coppers per Pound. Quere, whether *Tar* and *Feathers* would not be a constitutional encouragement for such eminent Patriotism?

TIEWAGHNODAGO.

☞ Andrew Dexter,

Who keeps the CHEAP STORE, near the *Mill-Bridge*, acquaints People in general, and particularly such as have been often *disappointed* and *deceived*, when allured by pompous Advertisements, they have gone to *Auction-Rooms*, to purchase either at *public* or *private* Sale, that he has just received by the *last Ship* from London, a *fresh* Parcel of GOODS, which for *Quality* and *extreme lowness of Price*, are not to be described by the Language in common Use among Traders; a Part of which Goods every Body who will please to come to his Shop, he hopes will be induced to buy; and he is very confident they will not have the least Reason to repent of it afterwards.

TO BE SOLD

By Benjamin Church,

On THURSDAY next,

At THREE o'Clock in the Afternoon,

BY PUBLICK AUCTION,

House Furniture, Wearing Apparrel, and European Goods, viz.——Broad Cloths coarse and fine—Ratteens—Coatings—Kerseys—Shalloons—Cambletts—Calamancoes—Irish Linnens—Checks—Duffils—Mens and Womens Hose—Handkerchiefs, &c. &c.—House Furniture—Tables—Cases of Draws—Feather Beds and Bedding—Wearing Apparel—Silk, Worsted and Callico Gowns—Petticoats—Shifts—Aprons, &c.—Sundry Pieces of Plate—Watches, &c. &c. &c

Thursday next, 3 o'Clock, P. M.

TO BE SOLD

A Quantity of Barrel Beef, Pitch, Tarr and Turpentine, and a few Barrels of excellent Pickle Mackrel, also a Schooner about 50 Tons, almost new, to lett, Inquire of Nathaniel Waterman, near the South Battery.

Just Arrived and to be Sold by

Archibald Cunningham,

At his Store in Ann Street, near the Draw Bridge, Boston.

Lisbon Lemmons in exceeding good order per Box,—Malaga, Virgin and Claret Wine per Quarter Cask,—Madeira Wine in Pipes and half Pipes.—Lisbon Oil in Casks,—Anchovies per Bottle,—choice new Raisins,—Turkey Figs,—Almonds,—Oil in square Bottles,—Split Pease,—Dutch Hearth Brushes,—the very best of Souchong and Hyson Tea per Dozen or single Pound,—Green Capers per Cask or Pound,—Barcelona Handkerchiefs per Dozen,—choice Bay Mackrel per Barrell,—and many other Articles in the Grocery way.

All Persons that are indebted to the Estate of Mrs. LYDIA LEWIS, late of Boston, Widow, deceas'd, are requested to make speedy payment, and those to whom said Estate is indebted, are desired to bring in their Accounts, in Order for Settlement, to ARCHIBALD CUNNINGHAM, Administrator.

To be Sold at private Sale,

The Mansion House of the Deceased, in Middle-Street, consisting of three Rooms on the Floor, and three Story high, with a good Pump, Out-House, Shop and paved Yard. For Particulars, inquire of Archibald Cunningham, Administrator to said Estate.

IRISH LINNENS.

William Scott,

At his Irish Linnen Store in Ann-Street, between the Flat Conduit and Draw-Bridge, BOSTON.

HAS Imported from IRELAND,

A large Quantity of 3, 4, 7-8 and yd-wide Linnens, Diapers, Clouting, Table Cloths, Sheetings, &c.

Said Store is also furnish'd with a great Variety of European and India Goods suitable for the Season, amongst which are some nice Cinnamon-colour & mix'd Bath Coatings, superfine blue and scarlet knap'd ditto, cloth-colour'd scarlet and crimson Broad Cloths, Fourth Cloths, Baizes, Duffils, &c.

Double Cambletts, Cambletteens, Denmark & Prussia Lustres, Crapes, Dorsetteens, Irish Cambletts, Ghizetts, Silvarettes, Mosheens, &c.

Black and cloth-colour'd Indian Taffities, flower'd and plain black, white, crimson and pink Sattins, Capushin Silks, Sarcenets and Modes of all Colours, Hosiery plain and rib'd. His general assortment for Men's and Women's wear consist of two great a multiplicity to be enumerated in a public advertisement. All which will be sold by wholesale and retail at the lowest reduced prices for ready Money only, a few very large Scotch Carpets 4 by 5, 4½ by 5½, 5 by 6.——

A fresh Importation of Doctor Hemmett's celebrated Essence of Pearl and Pearl Dentifrice for the preservation of the Teeth and Gums, to be sold at the London Prices, Cakes for the Liquid Shining Blacking for Shoes, Boots and Leather Botton Chairs.

A few Pieces of Ducapes, Lutestrings and English Damasks, to be sold at the Sterling Cost, a large Quantity of flower'd Scotch Lawns, on the same Terms.

TO BE LETT

A very neat convenient Dwelling-House with large Yard-Room Entrance, an excellent Well of Water, &c. pleasantly situated in Hanover-Street, by the head of Wings-Lane. Inquire of Edes and Gill.

New AUCTION-ROOM, *Cornhill.*

TO-MORROW at TEN in the MORNING,

Will be Sold by PUBLIC VENDUE,

At *Greenleaf's* Auction-Room,

A very large Assortment of GOODS, as usual, part of which being the Property of a Gentleman leaving the Province, must be sold this Week.

W. GREENLEAF, Auctioneer.

The sale will begin precisely at TEN o'Clock.

New AUCTION-ROOM, Cornhill,

On FRIDAY next, at TEN o'Clock, will be Sold by PUBLIC VENDUE, at *Greenleaf's* Auction-Room,

A Variety of GOODS suitable for the Season.

W. GREENLEAF, Auctioneer.

N. B. A Number of very Valuable Articles for private Sale.——

At GOULD's *Auction Office*,

In Back Street,

On FRIDAY NEXT,

At TEN o'Clock in the Morning will be sold by PUBLIC VENDUE,

A Variety of English Goods, as usual.

R. GOULD, Auctioneer.

On Wednesday next, at Ten o'Clock, will be sold by PUBLIC VENDUE, at the new Auction-Room, South-Side the Town-House, House Furniture,——*Consisting of*——

MEHOGANY Chests on Chest of Draws, Dining, Spring and Beaure Tables, Black Walnut Chest of Draws, Dining and Chamber Tables, Feather Beds and Bedsteads, green Harrateen Curtains, Easy Chairs, Glass Pictures, a Pull-up Clock,—Also, Broad-Cloths, Bearskins, Ratteens, Irish Linnens, and a Number of other Articles.

A. OLIVER, Auctioneer.

N. B. At said Auction-Room constant Attendance is given to receive all kinds of GOODS for public and private Sale.

A Woman with a good Breast of Milk, would be glad to take a Child to Suckle.

Inquire of Edes and Gill.

RAN-AWAY from me the Subscriber a Negro-Man named TOM, the 18th Inst. had on when he went away, a light coloured Surtout, a Snuff coloured Coat with flower'd Brass Buttons, a Chocolate coloured Jacket and black Hair, Plush Breeches and striped Cotton and Linnen Shirt, black Stockings and Plated Buckles, about 5 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high. Whoever shall take up said Negro and return him to his Master, shall have 2 Dollars Reward, and all necessary Charges paid by me,—

SIMEON POLLEY.

Boston, Dec. 1, 1773.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *BOSTON.*

ENTERED IN.

Allen, Maryland; Tripp, North-Carolina; Andrews, Demarara and St. Eustatia; Green, Cape Nichola; Coffin, London; Seater, New-Castle; Morth, Liverpool.

Burials in the Town of BOSTON, since our last.

Four Whites. One Blacks.

Baptiz'd in the several Churches, Nine.

High Water at BOSTON, *for the present Week.*

Monday, 8 min. aft. 11 } Friday, 38 min. after 2
Tuesday, 0 min. aft. 12 } Saturday, 28 min. aft. 3
Wednesday, 53 m. aft. 12 } Lord's-Day, 15 m. aft. 4
Thursday, 40 min. aft. 1 } M's New, 13 D. 5 A. 1 m.

|| See page 407. v pa. 407. § See Index under Tea. × vid page 422. ♣ See page 391.

& This Refers to a "Hutchinson & other enemies, endeavouring to Make the transactions of the ... Treason, & to send them to England to be Tried. vid mark 2 in mar...

¶ vid page 391—407.

2 See Proceedings of the Lords & Commons pages 436. 444. 468 vol. 2 via mark & Index

TO BE SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,
On THURSDAY the 23d Instant,
at 12 o'Clock in the Forenoon, on the Premises, if not Sold before at private Sale.

A Good DWELLING-HOUSE, two or three Doors Northerly of the Hay-Market, South End, Boston, fronting on Orange-Street, there Measuring about 20 Feet Front, with a good Shop, lower Room, Kitchen, Cellar, Chambers, Garrets, &c. &c. with a good Yard, Well of Water, and Necessary House, &c.—very Convenient for Shop-keeping and Boarders:—For further Particular enquire of Mr. Thomas Beverly, or of
ANDREW OLIVER, Auctioneer.

Boston, Dec. 12, 1773

On TUESDAY the 28th Instant,
At TEN o'Clock in the Morning,
Will be Sold by PUBLIC VENDUE,
At the House of Mr. Robert Jenkins, deceas'd, in Back-street,
All the Houshold Furniture, and other valuable Effects belonging to said deceased.
R. Gould, Auctioneer.

N. B. On Tuesday the 4th of January the Library of said Jenkins will be Sold at said Gould's Auction Office in Back street.

THE Brethren of the Honorable SOCIETY of FREE and ANCIENT ACCEPTED MASONS, are hereby Notified, That the most Worshipful JOSEPH WARREN, Esq; Grand Master of the Continent of America; intends to Celebrate the Feast of St. JOHN the Evangalist, on Monday the 27th December Inst. at FREE MASON'S HALL, Boston, where the Brethren are requested to attend the Festival.

By Order of the Most Worshipful GRAND MASTER.
WM. HOSKINS, G. Sec'y.

N. B. Tickets may be had of Mess. Nathaniel Coffin, junr. William Molineux, junr. and Mr. Daniel Bell. The Tables will be furnish'd at 2 o'Clock.

TO BE SOLD,
By EDWARD PROCTOR,
At the Sign of the Schooner, North-End.—Also,
By JOSEPH HALL, in *Cole-Lane*,
Choice *Malaga* LEMMONS at *Six Dollars* per single Box, and less by the large Quantity; and *Three Pounds* per Hundred, and *Nine Shillings* per Dozen, Old Tenor.

Nathan Frazier,
(Embarked for ENGLAND,)
Desires all Persons indebted to him, whether on Bond, Note or Book, to make speedy Payment to Mr. William Bowes, who has full Power to receive and give Discharges for all Monies due on either: And if any Persons have any Demands upon him, they are desired to apply to said Bowes, and receive their Money.

Forty or Fifty Pair of Womens Leather Shoes to be Sold. Inquire of Edes and Gill.

TO BE LETT and enter'd into immediately,
A large commodious Shop in Cornhill,
with other accommodations, fronting the Dwelling-House of the late Mr. Benjamin Bagnall, and is esteem'd to be as good a Place for Business as any in Town.—Any Persons who are desirous of having the above Premises may enquire of Thomas Russell, who has genteel Boarding and Lodging in the House above mentioned, and where he carries on the Taylor's Business as usual.

TO BE SOLD
A hearty, healthy NEGRO-MAN,
about 24 Years of Age. Inquire of Edes and Gill.

Insurance on Vessels and Goods.
AT the Insurance-Office of EZEBIEL PRICE
near the Exchange,
INSURANCE
May be made on Vessels, Cargoes, and private Adventures, at VERY LOW PREMIUMS, full one quarter Part less than formerly.

Note well—In Case of Loss the Insurance will be PUNCTUALLY PAID.

WHereas Application hath been made to us the Subscribers by Ten of the Proprietors of *Sudbury-Canada*, (so called) in the County of *Cumberland*, granted by the General Court to *Josiah Richardson*, and others, to call a Meeting of said Proprietors aforesaid:—WE DO THEREFORE hereby notify and warn the Proprietors aforesaid, to meet at the Dwelling-House of Capt. *Isaac Jones*, Innholder in *Weston*, on Wednesday the 19th Day of *January* next, at Ten o'Clock Forenoon, for the following purposes, viz. 1. To choose a Moderator. 2. To choose a Treasurer. 3. To grant such Encouragement as the Proprietors shall see cause to the first Settlers in said Township, and also to such Person or Persons as shall erect a Mill or Mills therein. 4. To lay out and clear Roads necessary for said Township. 5. To confirm all former Votes of said Proprietors. 6. To grant such Sums of Money as are necessary for the above mentioned Purposes. 7. To consider what to do with the undivided Lands. 8. To choose any Committee or Committees to transact the Affairs of said Society.

ELISHA BENT,
JOSHUA FULLER,
NATH'L SPARAWK,
} Committee to call Meetings of said Proprietors.

December 7, 1773.

Lee & Jones,
Have Imported by the Haley, Capt. *Scott*, and other Vessels from ENGLAND,
A compleat Assortment of *Piece Goods* suitable for this Season, which are for Sale at their Store near the Swing-Bridge. ☞ *At the lowest Rates.*
Also a very great Variety of LOOKING GLASSES of all Sizes, *remarkably Cheap.*
A Quantity of Silver and Pinchbeck WATCHES.

Amorys, Taylor & Rogers
Acquaint their Customers that they have removed from their Store in King-Street, to their new Store in Marborough-Street, a little Southward of the Province-House; where they continue to import as usual from the Manufacturers in the several Branches, large Assortments of
ENGLISH and SCOTCH GOODS,
As also Hard Ware. All which they sell on reasonable Terms, by Wholesale and Retail.

TO BE SOLD CHEAP
By Mrs. Sheaffe,
At her Shop the Corner of Queen-Street,
GROCERIES of all Kinds
and of the best Qualities
by WHOLESALE and RETAIL,
Amongst which are,
Choice Fontineac WINE,
—ALSO,—
Superfine and common Philadelphia Flour by the Barrel or less, Brown Sugars, Fresh Jar and Cask Raisins, Currants, Choice Hyson, Souchong and Bohea Tea, Coffee, Chocolate, Fresh Spices, very fine Citron, Almonds, Capers, Anchovies, Spanish and French Olives, Rice, ground do. Race & ground Ginger, Pepper, Allspice, basket Salt, Cayenne Pepper, Mustard, Philadelphia Rusk, split Peas, Salt-Petre, single, middling and double refin'd Loaf-Sugar, Flask Oil, Turkey Figs, Sugar-Plumbs and Almonds, Starch, Tamarinds, crown and hard Soap, Kippen's Snuff, Barley, Oatmeal, Velvet Corks, Pipes, Flax, Spanish and French Indigo, Brimstone, Allum, Copperas, Redwood, Logwood. *Also*, Choice Fresh OLIVES, Jar & Cask RAISINS. *Also*,
Playing-Cards and Rappee-Snuff.

N.B. She will engage to sell as Cheap as can be bought in Town, and earnestly solicits the Continuance of those Favors, for which she is already much obliged.

MOSES DESHON
Takes this Method to acquaint the Public, That he purposes on suitable Encouragement, to open a
SINGING SCHOOL,
for the Instruction of Youth in the Art of Psalmody, on *Tuesday* and *Friday* Evenings, from Six to Nine o'Clock in the Evening, at his Auction-Room in Ann-Street, if a suitable Number appears.

Donald Mc Alpine
Intends opening a SCHOOL for to teach the noble Art of DEFENCE, commonly called the BACK SWORD, on the 21st Instant, at the Green Dragon Tavern,

WANTED
To buy or Charter a Sloop or Schooner burthen from 80 to 100 Tons. Enquire of Edes & Gill, or Capt. Gustavus Fellows.

Harvard, (in the County of Worcester,) *Nov.* 30. 1773.
TO be sold by SIMON WHITNEY, a little Farm, not varying much from 90 Acres, good Land, no Waste Land in it, good Mowing, Pasturing & Plowing, about 50 Acres of good Wood and Timber on it, and as well watered as most ever you see a Piece of Land, and a Privilege of turning Water on the Mowing Land—Some Years there may be 30 or 40 Pounds O. T. made by the Chesnuts that grow on it, and not but 33 Miles from Boston.—There is a small Double House on it, a Barn 40 Feet long and 28 wide, pretty well fill'd with good Hay, a Spring in the Barn Yard to Water the Cattle at in the Winter; a young Orchard with about 200 Fruit Trees, of all Sorts of Apples, Pears, Plumbs, Rareripes, Peaches and Cherries, a good many of them grafted—in a very sightly Place—a large Road thro' it—a Corn Mill and Saw Mill in about a Mile and 3/4 of it—in fair Sight of a new Meeting House, not a Mile from Meeting.——If any Gentleman is disposed to Buy such a Farm, and will pay all the Money for it, I should be glad to know it between this Time and the First of next March. S. W.

For Private Sale,
At the New Auction-Room South Side of Town-House,
viz. Mehogany Desks and Book Cases, Desk, Chests on Chest of Draws, Dining and Spring Tables, Chairs, Tea Trays, genteel suit of Harrateen Curtains, Easy Chairs, Feather Beds & Bedsteds, handsome Sconce and other Looking Glasses, small Dressing ditto, several handsome Eight Day Clocks, Silver Watches, &c. &c.—Also, blue, grey, orange, lead, green and mixt colour'd Broad Cloths, Drab and mixt Duffils, Copper and mixt Frizes, Shalloons and Tammies of all colours, strip'd Blankets, superfine Burton hole twist Buskett and cramp Buttons, blue strip'd Cotton, Silk Gauzes, black gauze Handkerchiefs, black, blue, white and pink Sarsnets, Capuchin Silks of all colours, Buckskin Breeches, Cotton Velvets, Men's Silk and Worsted Hose, Patch-work Coverlids, white Bayzes, black Sattin and Chip Hats, a small Quantity of choice Rhubarb.

N. B. At said Auction-Room constant Attendance is given to receive all kind of Goods for Public and Private Sale. tf.

Joseph-Pearse Palmer,
At Store No. 28, South Side the Town-Dock, Boston,
HAS for Sale, very CHEAP.
About 70 Pieces Shalloon and water'd Tammies, and a Parcel of Irish Shovels; also Broad Cloths and Lambskins; all directly from the Makers. Also Ticklingburgs, Dowlasses, Irish Linnens, Scotch Handkerchiefs, Velvets, Drawboys, &c. And also West-India and New-England Rum, Raisins, Loaf and Brown Sugar, CHOCOLATE, Cheese, Pepper, Ginger, Allspice, Coffee, Nutmegs, Rice, Table-Fish, Decanters, Wine-Glasses, &c. &c. as usual.

STEARNS's Almanack,
For the Year 1774,
To be Sold by EDES & GILL in Queen Street, and T. & J. FLEET in Cornhill.

KEYSER's
FAMOUS PILLS
So well known all over *Europe*, and in *this and the neighbouring Colonies*, for their superior Efficacy and peculiar Mildness, so perfectly eradicating every Degree of Scurvy in Disease, without the least Trouble or Confinement.

The Public may be assured, that this excellent Medicine is beyond any Thing in all Foulness and Impurities of the Blood, having performed many astonishing Cures in Scorbutic Eruptions, Leprosies, White Swellings, Stiff Joints, Gout and Rheumatic Disorders, &c.

THESE PILLS ARE NOW SOLD BY
EDES and GILL,
(In Boxes of 5. L. M. each, *fresh imported*)
Who have in their Hands a Letter from the Widow KEYSER, and a Certificate from under her own Hand of the Genuineness of the above Pills; which any Person may have the Perusal of by applying to them at their Printing-Office in *Queen-Street*: Where may be had a Variety of Books, &c.

JUST PUBLISHED, (at New-York)
And sold By EDES and GILL,
THE NEW-YORK
Pocket Almanack,
On a PLAN much approved by the different Provinces of AMERICA, for near 20 Years past; and contains almost every Thing necessary and useful in an Almanack, for the Inhabitants of this Continent; of which the following are a Part, viz.

LIST of Field Officers belonging to his Majesty's Forces in North-America, and the Places where stationed. Staff of the Army in North-America. Rank of the Army and Navy. A List of Civil Officers, &c. in the Governments of Newfoundland, St. John's in the Gulph of St. Lawrence, Canada, Nova-Scotia, Cape-Breton, New-Hampshire, Massachusetts-Bay, Connecticut, Rhode-Island, New-York, New-Jersey, Pennsylvania, Maryland, Virginia, North-Carolina, South-Carolina, Georgia, East-Florida, and West-Florida. A List of Governors of the Province of New-York, from the Year 1664, to the present: with the Time when they began to govern, how long they governed, and the Number of Years since. His Majesty's Council, and the General Assembly for the Province of New-York. His Majesty's Council and the General Assembly for the Province of New-Jersey. Corporation Officers in the City of New-York. List of the General Assembly of the Colony of Connecticut; with the Names of each Town they represent. List of Colleges and the American Seminaries; with the Names of the Presidents, &c. in each. A List of Judges, Justices, Sheriffs, Coroners and Clerks, for all the Counties in the Province of New-York. Genealogical List of the Royal Family of Great-Britain. His Majesty's Ships of War and armed Schooners on the North-American Station, and their Commanders. Names of his Majesty's Packet-Boats, and their Commanders, that are stationed between Falmouth and New-York. List of Master & Wardens for the Port of New-York. Branch Pilots and their Deputies, for the Port of New-York. Packers of Beef and Pork, and Inspectors of Flour in New-York, appointed by Act of General Assembly. A Table of the Value and Weights of Coins, as they now pass in England, New-York, Connecticut, Philadelphia, and Quebec; together with a Resolve made in 1770, by the New-York Chamber of Commerce, for the better Regulation of Half Joes, &c. A Table shewing the Value in New-York or Pennsylvania Currency, for any Sum in Sterling from 1 Penny to £. 100, computing the Exchange in New-York Currency at 175 3-7 or 100l. Sterling and in Pennsylvania at 150 5-7, the Par of Exchange at 4s. 8 per Dollar. Tables of Exchange from 170, to 180. Currency reduced into Sterling from 170 to 180. Arbitrations of the most common Courses of Exchange on London, between New-York and Philadelphia; also of Exchange on Ireland, and of a Remittance in London in Dollars. New Jersey Bills reduced to New-York Currency. A Gauging Table. A Tide Table, shewing the Time of High-Water at Philadelphia, Boston Harbour, and Reedy-Island. A Table of Interest at 7 per Cent. Stated Times & Names of Places where Quakers General Meetings are kept. Times appointed for holding Courts in the City and Province of New-York; also for New Jersey, Connecticut, Rhode-Island, and Philadelphia. Stages from New-York to Philadelphia; with their Rates for Passengers and Goods. Post Roads through most Parts of the Continent, &c.

Boston: Printed, by EDES & GILL *in Queen-Street*, 1773.